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Course (compulsory, elective)

elective

5

1/2

Year /Semester

No. of credits

Name of the module/subject

10

Field of study

Cycle of study:

No. of hours

Lecture:

Design of Information Processes

Safety Engineering - Part-time studies - Second-

Second-cycle studies

Classes:

Work Safety Management

12 Laboratory:

Status	of the course in the study	program (Basic, major, other)	(unive	rsity-wide, from	another field)			
(brak)				(brak)				
Education areas and fields of science and art						ECTS distribution (number and %)		
technical sciences						5 100%		
	Technical scie	ences				5	100%	
Res	ponsible for subj	ect / lecturer:						
dr	inż. Małgorzata Sławiń:	ska						
	iail: malgorzata.slawins . 61 665 34 38	ska@put.poznan.pl						
	. 61 665 34 38 culty of Engineering Ma	anagement						
	Strzelecka 11 60-965 I							
Prer	equisites in term	s of knowledge, skills a	and socia	ıl competer	ncies:			
1	Knowledge	The student knows selected methods and description tools, including the techniques of data acquisition, modelling social structures and processes within them						
2	Skills	The student has the ability to independently propose specific solutions to a particular problem and carry out the procedures for taking decisions in this area						
3	Social competencies	Student is able to independently and critically complement the knowledge and skills, extended to an interdisciplinary dimension						
Ass	umptions and obj	ectives of the course:						
		knowledge of the nature and de dual conditions of interaction wit			of ergonom	ics; motivatin	g the students	
	Study outco	mes and reference to th	he educat	tional resu	lts for a f	ield of stu	dy	
Kno	wledge:							
psych	ological capacity of a n	ot of reliability, reliability in terms nan as a basis for foreseeing hu concept of controlling difficult sit	uman errors	, applying in p	ractice the k	nowledge of	human	
2. The [K2A_		sses of information processes,	, as well as t	he analysis of	a worker? c	ognitive funct	tioning -	
proble	ems on the basis of an	lys of overcoming some technical algorithm that is used for inventing the psychological factors.	itive problem	solving tasks,	Knows the	principles of		

STUDY MODULE DESCRIPTION FORM

Profile of study

Subject offered in:

Form of study (full-time,part-time)

Project/seminars:

(brak)

(general academic, practical)

Polish

part-time

8

Skills:

http://www.put.poznan.pl/

Faculty of Engineering Management

- 1. Student can acquire, integrate, interpret data from literature, database or other properly matched sources, both in English or other foreign language accepted as an international language of communication within Safety Engineering, as well as to draw conclusions, formulate and justify opinions [K2A_U01]
- 2. The student can apply various techniques in order to communicate in occupational environment and other environments-[K2A_U2]
- 3. The student can create, both in English and Polish language, a well- documented report of problems within Safety Engineering, which present the results of their own research [K2A_U3]
- 4. The student can prepare and give oral presentation relating to detailed issues within the realm of Safety Engineering in Polish and other foreign language [K2A_U4]
- 5. The student has self-study ability and comprehends it [K2A_U5]
- 6. The student can make use of analytic, simulation and experimental methods to formulate and solve engineering tasks [K2A_U9]
- 7. The student has got the preparation that is indispensable to be able to work in an industrial environment and also knows safety rules connected with a given work along with the ability to impose their use in practice [K2A_U13]

Social competencies:

- 1. The student understands the need and knows means how to self-study (first, second and third cycle studies, postgraduate studies, qualification courses)- improving professional, personal and social competence; can argument the need to learn for the whole life [K2A_K1]
- 2. Student is fully aware of the responsibility that he has taken for his own work and expresses readiness to comply with the rules of team work as well as responsibility for mutually realized and completed tasks [K2A_K3]
- 3. The student determine some causal relationships in the process of targets implementation and rank pertinence of alternative or competitive tasks [K2A_K4]

Assessment methods of study outcomes

Formative assessment:

Laboratories: on the basis of a written problem task,

Projects: on the basis of a written report that contains gradual development stages in a system analysis of an operator-information system

Lectures: on the basis of oral answers of the questions connected with the covered lecture content from current and previous lectures.

Collective assessment:

Laboratories: average of the grades achieved during problem solving tasks,

Projects: collective assessment of the project and presentation,

Lectures: written test, which is based on 50% answers related to the selection of given answers and open questions. Credits will be given after achieving at least 31% of points. Answers are scores as0, 0,5 or 1

Course description

Fundamental problems of human integration with the technology, the essence of ergonomics. Functional structure of the technical system. Ergonomic analysis of a complex technical system. System load. Coupling system: man- technical elements of the system, characteristics of the input/output factors. Technology design with regard to knowledge of the possibility of man. The formulation of the ergonomic requirements in the process of design, concerning information processes. Tools of ergonomic diagnosis. Modelling of the decision-making processes, including the psychological factors of cognitive processes. Classes of information processes. Analysis of worker?s cognitive function. Practical application of knowledge about human unreliability. Ergonomic elements development of the operator?s workplace. Optimization of an ergonomic dialogue: mantechnical subsystem. Research plan that verifies the stages of ergonomic modification in a system.

Basic bibliography:

- 1. Diagnostyka zautomatyzowanych procesów przemysłowych (The diagnostics of automated industrial processes), Kościelny J.M., Akademicka Oficyna Wydawnicza EXIT, Warszawa, 2001
- 2. Niezawodność człowieka w interakcji z procesem przemysłowym (Human reliability in interaction with the industrial process), Sławińska M., WPP, Poznań 2012
- 3. Zarządzanie jakością użytkową w przedsięwzięciach informatycznych (Quality management in IT enterprises). Sikorski M., Wyd. Politechniki Gdańskiej, Gdańsk 2000

Additional bibliography:

- 1. Ergonomia systemów zautomatyzowanych (Ergonomics of automated systems), Sławińska M., WPP, Poznań, 2008
- Metody wytwarzania oprogramowania (Software development methods), Szejko S. (red.), Wydawnictwo MIKOM, Warszawa, 2002
- 3. Psychologia poznania (The psychology of cognition), Maruszewski T., Gdańskie Wydawnictwo psychologiczne, Gdańsk, 2001

Result of average student's workload

Poznan University of Technology Faculty of Engineering Management

Activity	Time (working hours)					
1. Participation in lectures	10					
2. Participation in classes	12					
3. Participation in project classes	8					
4. Preparation for laboratory classes	10					
5. Preparation for project tasks	15					
6. Preparation for written credits (based on lectures)	15					
7. Overview of results (lectures)	2					
8. Overview of results (classes)	2					
9. Presentation of the semester project	2					
Student's workload						
Source of workload	hours	ECTS				
Total workload	76	5				
Contact hours	36	2				
Practical activities	45	3				